
Trade Date

Thursday, April 09, 2009

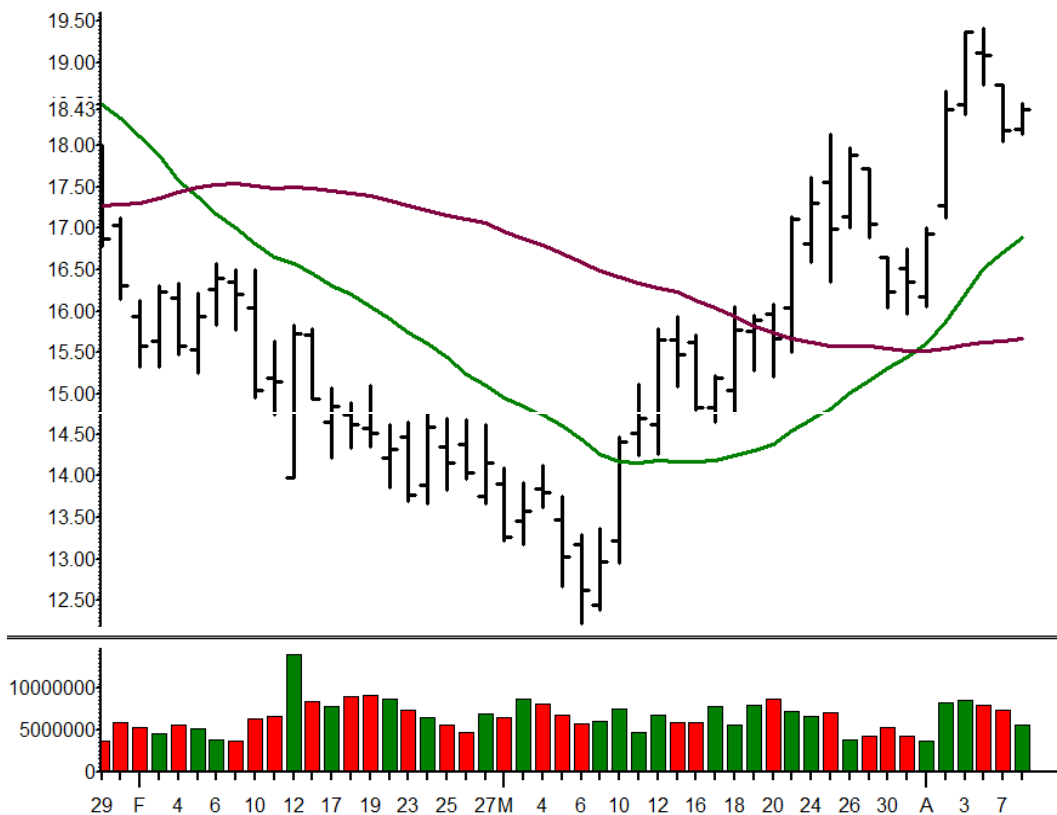


Symbol	BIG	Relative Strength	92
Description	Big Lots		
Pattern	Fast Ball	Sector	Retail
Position	Long	Support 2	20.93
Entry	23.00	Support 1	21.88
Stop	22.58	Pivot	22.39
Initial Target	23.61	Resistance 1	23.34
Ratio	1.45	Resistance 2	23.85
50% To Target	23.31		

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Daily (Standard) (Left) MAR - MARRIOTT INTL INC NEW CL A Bar Volume MA20 MA50



Symbol	MAR	Relative Strength	55
Description	Marriott International		
Pattern	Switch Hitter	Sector	Hotels
Position	Long	Support 2	17.98
Entry	18.61	Support 1	18.20
Stop	18.18	Pivot	18.36
Initial Target	19.05	Resistance 1	18.58
Ratio	1.02	Resistance 2	18.74
50% To Target	18.83		

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Daily (Standard) (Left) ROK - ROCKWELL AUTOMATION INC Bar Volume MA20 MA50



Symbol	ROK	Relative Strength	41
Description	Rockwell Automation		
Pattern	Fast Ball	Sector	Electrical
Position	Long	Support 2	22.31
Entry	27.25	Support 1	24.59
Stop	26.69	Pivot	25.87
Initial Target	27.89	Resistance 1	28.15
Ratio	1.14	Resistance 2	29.43
50% To Target	27.57		

Stocks To Watch

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Daily (Standard) (Left) ETN - EATON CORP Bar Volume MA20 MA50



EATON CORP

Symbol	ETN
Pattern	Switch Hitter
Position	Long
Entry	40.66
Stop	
Initial Target	41.58

Support 2	38.62
Support 1	39.35
Pivot	39.95
Resistance 1	40.68
Resistance 2	41.28
Sector	MACHINERY
50% To Target	41.12

Daily (Standard) (Left) IGT - INTERNATIONAL GAME TECHNOLOGY Bar Volume MA20 MA50



INTERNATIONAL GAME TECHNOLOGY

Symbol	IGT
Pattern	3~2 Pitch
Position	Long
Entry	11.21
Stop	
Initial Target	11.66

Support 2	10.37
Support 1	10.57
Pivot	10.84
Resistance 1	11.04
Resistance 2	11.31
Sector	CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY
50% To Target	11.435

Around the Horn: The Rule Book

Just as the Around the Horn trading plan developed for our personal use, these rules also evolved to maximize our own trading profits, minimize risk and still allow the trades room to breathe. When we compute the monthly results, we use these rules to calculate the plan's efficacy. Individual trade results may exceed or fall short of the monthly results (for example, more or less favorable fills or missing a trade), but these rules allow comparison of results over time and a measure for one's own trading performance using pre-established criteria. While these guidelines will always have an exception to the rule (e.g. stopping out of a trade that later becomes profitable) over time, they serve us well more often than not.

Entries:

1. The entry price (or entry tick within the allowable slippage or gap) has to **print on the NYSE**. That is, a stock that ticks the entry price on the NAS on or before the open does not count as a legitimate entry as the tick must originate on NYSE;
2. For **Gaps** and **allowable slippage**, profit target is the key. Your entry slippage should not be more than 25% of the total amount you expect to make and for planned trades should never be more than 20 cents total. Thus, if your profit target is a 40 cent gain, then allow for 10 cents of slippage. If the profit target is over a dollar, then 20 cents of slippage is reasonable. If you enter a trade beyond this level, then mentally shift gears and treat the trade as an intraday play or scalp trade, not as a planned trade;
3. **No new entries** after 12:20 PST/3:20 EST (40 minutes to close).

Stop Protocol:

Once you enter a trade at the stated entry price or within the acceptable 10 cent slip level there are several criteria we use to protect ourselves from losses, as well as protect profits, while still allowing some room for volatility. During the trading day, I like to think of these as hurdles, moving from one to the next as the trade progresses.

Hurdle 1: After entering the trade at the stated entry price, watch to see if the trade goes 10 cents in your favor FROM THE STATED ENTRY PRICE, NOT YOUR FILL PRICE. If it does not go 10 cents in the trade's favor from the entry price before it goes 10 cents against the trade, exit the trade 10 cents against your trade and watch for another entry opportunity.

Issues: This strategy has protected us against what I call getting "tagged-in" only to head straight to the stop-loss. To execute this strategy, a trader needs to be comfortable paying the extra commissions if the trade comes back to your entry. Also, another entry here does not count as a "second" entry. If you are uncomfortable with this strategy, don't use it and use the stop level as your exit.

Hurdle 2: Once the trade is in your favor 10 cents beyond the entry price, keep the stop loss at the stated stop loss until the trade hits the 50% to Target level.

Hurdle 3: At the 50% to Target level, move the Stop Loss from the stated stop loss to a breakeven level at the STATED ENTRY PRICE, NOT YOUR FILL PRICE.

Hurdle 4: Once the trade ticks within 10 cents to the stated Initial Profit Target, move the stop to a Profit Stop at the 50% to Initial Profit Target level.

Hurdle 5: Once the trade hits the Initial Profit Target, determine if the trade is zooming past your price (in other words, it would be a struggle to exit the trade at that price as it is trading so strongly in your favor it has already surpassed the Initial Profit Target before you can get your order in). If this happy situation is occurring, stay in and trail with a profit stop, initially at the Profit Target.

If the trade is not this strong (as occurs much more often), exit the trade at the Initial Profit Target. Some traders choose to exit only half or some other percentage at this level and then trail a profit stop initially at the 50% to Target level, then later the Initial Profit Target, then by some other method as the trade gets progressively further from this level (reversal of two closes, violation of the 8 period simple moving average, support/resistance, etc.).

Note: These are the rules we use to calculate the monthly performance. As trader's you may find some other variation useful. For instance, for the 10 cent "tagged in" rule when a trade has not gone more than 10 cents in your favor before reversing, some traders prefer not to exit at 10 cents against you in favor of a wider exit at a 50% to stop loss level, giving the stock a little more room to breathe. Another example some traders employ is to take a percentage of profits at the 50% to Target level, another percentage at the initial profit target, and the final if it travels further, with protective stops for each of these levels as the trade progresses.

It is important to understand how we are trading and the rules we are using. It is also important that trading rules suit your psychology. If you have questions or thoughts please don't hesitate to contact me at: Julie@TraderInsight.com

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